

Year 5: Other World Faiths – Beliefs and Festivals

Flashback: Last year you learnt about the different holy books in world religions.

Tipotaka



Vedas & Bhagavad-Gita



Torah



Qur'an



Guru Granth Sahib



Bible



Buddhism

The Four Noble Truths and Enlightenment

Buddhists believe in a constant cycle of life and death, and that people will be reborn after they die unless they reach Enlightenment and reach nirvana

Hinduism

Brahman, belief in one God, pilgrimage

For Hindus, Brahman is God or the Supreme Being. Brahman is beyond human understanding. However, Hindus try to explain Brahman through understanding the Hindu scriptures

Judaism

Pesach

Passover (or Pesach in Hebrew) is one of the most important festivals in the Jewish year. It is a Spring festival that begins on the 15th day of Nisan, the first month of the Jewish calendar.

Islam

Ramadan and Pilgrimage

Ramadan remembers the month the Qur'an (the Muslim holy book) was first revealed to the Prophet Muhammad. The actual night that the Qur'an was revealed is a night known as Lailat ul-Qadr ('The Night of Power').

Sikhism

Baisakhi, the Khalsa, Mool Mantra

Vaisakhi, also called Baisakhi, is the festival which celebrates the founding of the Sikh community, the Khalsa, in 1699.

Christianity

The "Four Alls"

Methodists believe that all can be saved — no one is beyond God's love and all are equally made in the image of God.